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# INTRODUCTION TO THE OLD TESTAMENT

### THE IMPORTANCE OF STUDYING THE OLD TESTAMENT

A person will never properly understand the New Testament Scriptures if the Old Testament Scriptures remain a mystery to him. Yet for the average Christian the pattern, unity, and progression of the Old Testament remain vague or unknown. Although almost everyone knows about Noah and the ark, Moses and the Red Sea, and numerous other stories found in the books of the Old Testament, the Old Testament itself often seems fragmented and is seen only as a loosely knit group of stories. But to understand God's ways and His purposes in this age, as well as His plans for the future ages, requires a clear comprehension of the Old Testament.

For example, there are about 350 direct quotes or clear allusions from the Old Testament found in the New Testament book of Revelation. This amounts to about fifteen Old Testament references per chapter. It is no wonder that for many who do not have a good grip on the Old Testament, Revelation is essentially a closed book. Or who can really appreciate the apostle Paul's discussion about Israel in Romans 9–11 if there is

no understanding of Genesis 12 and Jeremiah 31? Comprehending the Old Testament is crucial to understanding the New Testament.

Great doctrinal truths are developed in the Old Testament. For example, significant revelations concerning the attributes of God are recorded. The New Testament, of course, concerns itself with the Person of God, but it is the Old Testament that gives us our basic understanding of God's majesty, power, holiness, and sovereignty. His love, goodness, and wisdom are the subjects of many psalms and numerous prophetic declarations. What can rival Isaiah 40 on the greatness of God or Psalm 23 on the loving care of God?

Perhaps it is our lack of understanding of the Old Testament that has brought about a basic deficiency in our knowledge of God and, as a result, our walk with Him.

The Church has surrendered her once lofty concept of God and has substituted for it one so low, so ignoble, as to be unworthy of thinking, worshiping men. . . . The low view of God entertained almost universally among Christians is the cause of a hundred lesser evils everywhere among us. A whole new philosophy of the Christian life has resulted from this one basic error in our religious thinking.<sup>2</sup>

After serious study of the Old Testament, one is inclined to walk with more reverence before our majestic God.

So much foundational truth is found in the Old Testament—truth that the New Testament writers assume we know and understand. An almost endless list of doctrinal truths and meaningful facts could be given to validate the importance of the Old Testament to the New. Yet so often, students of the Scriptures wrestle with truth found in the books of the New Testament because they fail to recognize Old Testament background.

#### THE PURPOSE OF THIS SURVEY BOOK

The purpose of this study is to assist the Bible student in seeing the pattern, progression, and unity of the Old Testament Scriptures and to be able to think through the entire Old Testament. A person must see the "big picture," and then he can begin to relate the various parts to this comprehensive view. Also, it is the purpose of this book to develop the central, unifying theme of the Old Testament, which is God's covenant promises to the nation of Israel.

#### THE APPROACH OF THIS SURVEY BOOK

The Old Testament is made up of thirty-nine books. These books contain the history of the nation of Israel, the laws of God for Israel, insightful and inspiring poetry, and the messages of numerous prophets. To observe how these books relate to one another our study will begin with and will emphasize the eleven "foundational books." These eleven books develop the story line of the Old Testament. Since these foundational books form the chronological and historical basis for the other twenty-eight books, the great emphasis in this study of the Old Testament will be placed on them. Once we work our way through the foundational books, the other books will be linked to this historical base. This approach will aid in our awareness of the pattern and progression of the Old Testament Scriptures (see chart "Order and Classification of the Books of the Old Testament," pages 16–17).

Another emphasis of this study will be to develop the central, unifying theme of the Old Testament, which is God's covenant promises to Abraham and his descendants. God's great covenant promises to Israel are the "glue" that holds the Old Testament together. In fact, the whole of the Bible is unified by God's covenant relationship with Israel, which also includes the Gentiles. It is unlikely that a full comprehension of the "New" covenant, based on the death of Jesus Christ, can exist without understanding its Old Testament context.

When the chronological framework is understood and the unifying theme is observed, the Old Testament makes sense. The fragmentation is gone, and the unity, pattern, and progression can be appreciated.

# ORDER AND CLASSIFICATION OF THE BOOKS OF THE OLD TESTAMENT

| THIS STUDY  | STANDARD ENGLISH CLASSIFICATION   | HEBREW<br>CLASSIFICATION   |
|---|---|--|
| Foundational Books Genesis Exodus Numbers Joshua Judges 1 Samuel 2 Samuel 1 Kings 2 Kings Ezra Nehemiah Complementation Books Leviticus Deuteronomy Ruth 1 Chronicles 2 Chronicles Esther Books of Poetry/Wisdom Job Psalms Proverbs Ecclesiastes Song of Solomon Lamentations Prophets During the Divided Kingdom Obadiah Joel Jonah Amos Hosea Isaiah Micah | Books of the Law Genesis Exodus Numbers Deuteronomy  Books of History Joshua Judges Ruth 1 Samuel 2 Samuel 1 Kings 2 Kings 1 Chronicles 2 Chronicles Ezra Nehemiah Esther  Books of Poetry/Wisdom Job Psalm Proverbs Ecclesiastes Song of Solomon  The Major Prophets Isaiah Jeremiah Lamentations Ezekiel Daniel | The Law Genesis Exodus Leviticus Numbers Deuteronomy  The Former Prophets Joshua Judges Ruth 1 Samuel 2 Samuel 1 Kings 2 Kings  The Later Prophets Isaiah Jeremiah Ezekiel Hosea Joel Amos Obadiah Jonah Micah Nahum Habakkuk Zephaniah Haggai Zechariah Malachi |

## ORDER AND CLASSIFICATION OF THE BOOKS OF THE OLD TESTAMENT

| THIS STUDY  | STANDARD ENGLISH CLASSIFICATION   | HEBREW<br>CLASSIFICATION  |
|---|---|---|
| Prophets During the Single Kingdom Nahum Zephaniah Jeremiah Habakkuk Prophets During the Exile Daniel Ezekiel Prophets After the Exile Haggai Zechariah Malachi | The Minor Prophets  Hosea Joel Amos Obadiah Jonah Micah Nahum Habakkuk Zephaniah Haggai Zechariah Malachi | The Writings Psalms Job Proverbs Ruth Song of Solomon Ecclesiastes Lamentations Esther Daniel Ezra Nehemiah 1 Chronicles 2 Chronicles |